

**Submittal Package on 6" – 12" Black
PE100 Air-Pro Compressed Air piping
from Asahi/America, Inc.****Compressed Air Piping****PART 1 GENERAL****1.1 SUMMARY**

- A. Furnish a complete compressed air piping system may include pipe, fittings, anchors, saddle taps and valves.

1.2 References

- A. The following standards apply to products used within this section.
 - ASTM D 1598
 - ASTM D 1559
 - ASTM D 2122
 - ASTM D 2837-85
 - ASTM D 2637
 - ASTM D 3222-81
- B. The system design shall meet the requirements of ASME/ANSI B31.3 for design criteria where temperature and pressure fall within the limits of the code.
- C. The system shall meet the guidelines of Cal OSHA for a thermoplastic compressed air system.

1.3 Definitions

PE100: High density Polyethylene with a cell classification of: PE346544C

1.4 System Description

- A. System shall be produced of PE100 uniform pipe and fitting materials. System pressure ratings shall be based on continuous use of 50 years. Material shall be black in color in sizes 6" and above.

1.5 System Performance Requirements

- A. The system shall be designed to operate under the following conditions:
 - Operating Pressure
 - Operating Temperature
 - Test Pressure
- B. All compressed air systems shall be designed taking into consideration the above parameters, end loads, thermal expansion and proper burial and/or hanging methods.

1.6 Submittals

Submit the Following:

- A. Product data for the system specified; relative to materials, dimensions of individual components, profiles and finishes.
- B. Product certificates signed by manufacturer of the compressed air piping product stating compliance to stated requirements.
- C. Welder certificates, certifying that welders comply with the installation procedures as outlined by ASTM D-2657. All training should be scheduled and completed prior to job start-up.
- D. Qualification of firms supplying the compressed air piping. Firms must have a minimum of five years experience in design, installation and operation of a thermoplastic piping systems.

1.7 Quality Assurance

Obtain components from a single source having responsibility and accountability to answer and resolve problems regarding proper installation, compatibility, performance, and acceptance.

1.8 Delivery, Storage and Handling

- A. Deliver all compressed air pipe to arrive on-site wrapped or protected to avoid damage in shipping.
- B. Deliver all compressed air fittings to arrive on-site in boxes.
- C. Store products on elevated platforms in a dry location with protection from the environment.
- D. Lift, support and transport compressed air piping per manufacturers' recommendations.

1.9 Warranty

- A. Warranty period is one year after date of substantial completion.

1.10 Extra Material

- A. Turn over to owner at end of construction, necessary welding equipment as suggested by manufacturer for repair, additions and maintenance of compressed air piping system.

PART 2 PRODUCTS**2.1 Acceptable Product**

All product shall be the Air-Pro piping system as provided by Asahi/America of Malden, MA
02148 Phone: 781-321-5409

2.2 Material

- A. Pipe, valves and fittings shall be made from virgin resin produced by one supplier. The resin shall be PE100, Solvay Eltex TUB 124 high density polyethylene material according to ASTM D-3035. Resin shall have a cell classification of: PE346544C
- B. Chemical Resistance and application of Air-Pro to be verified and approved by manufacturer.
- C. Engineering and Design criteria should be per Manufacturer's printed literature.
- D. All pipe systems shall have been tested for and meet the safety requirements of Cal OSHA thermoplastic pressure vessels for compressed air piping.

2.3 System Components

- A. **Pipe**
All pipe through 6" - 12" shall be extruded from PE100 resin as outline in section 2.2.A. All piping is produced based on an SDR system and calculated utilizing a Hydrostatic Design Basis according to ASTM D 2837. Pipe shall have a pressure rating of 160 psi in all sizes and shall be SDR 11.
- B. **Fittings**
All fittings through shall be injected molded. Fittings shall have same wall thickness and pressure ratings as the pipe. Fittings shall be butt fusion style in 6" and above.

Pipe and fittings shall be 160 psi rated at 68 °F. Consult factory for reduction in pressure rating at higher temperatures.
- C. **Valves**
All valves shall be produced in the same manner as the fittings.
- D. **Ball Valves**
Ball valves ½" – 3", shall be true union style capable of being welded into the system using socket fusion. Valve shall have a manual self locking trigger on the handle. Valves shall be the same color blue as the pipe.

2.4 Saddle Fittings

Saddle fittings shall be either electrofusion style or saddle butt fusion style.

2.5 Joining Equipment

- A. Installers shall be pre-qualified through training on welding technique according to ASTM D-2657.
- B. Manufacturer shall provide on-site training in the assembly and installation of the compressed air piping system.
- C. Joining Equipment shall be socket or butt fusion for ½" – 4" and butt-fusion for 6" and larger.

Part 3 Installation**3.1 Testing**

- A. Prior to pressure testing, the system shall be examined for the following items:
1. Pipe shall be completed per drawing layout with all pipe and valve supports in place.
 2. Pipe, valves and equipment shall be supported as specified, without any concentrated loads on the system.
 3. Pipe shall be in good condition, void of any cracks, gouges or deformation.
 - a. Pipe flanges shall be properly aligned. All flange bolts should be checked for correct torque.
 - b. All joints should be reviewed for appropriate welding technique.
 - c. Socket--to have two beads on the end of the fitting and on the outside of the pipe in contact.
 - d. Butt--Joints should have two beads 360° around the joint.
- B. If any deficiencies appear, the quality control manager shall provide directions for repair.
- C. Pressure Test
Due to the size of the system, that system shall be tested in smaller sections prior to burial. No piping shall be buried prior to be tested.
1. Test fluid should be compressed air with quality level set by Quality Control Engineer. In all cases test must be done hydrostatically.
 2. Begin pressurizing the system in increments of 10 PSI. Bring the system up to 100 PSI and hold. Allow the system to hold pressure for a minimum of two hours and up to a recommended 12 hours. Check pressure gauge after one hour. Due to natural creep effects on plastic piping the pressure will have decreased. If drop is less than 10% pump the pressure back up. At this time the system may be fully pressurized to desired test pressure.
 3. If after one hour the pressure has decreased more than 10%, consider the test a failure. Note the 10% value may need to be greater for larger systems, or systems experiencing significant thermal changes.
 4. Test is to be witnessed by Quality Control Engineer and certified by the contractor.

5. Obvious leaks can be found by individually checking each joint using a soapy water solution or an Ultrasonic leak detection gun. Leak detection guns should be available from the pipe manufacturer.

3.2 Burial

All piping shall be buried in accordance with manufacturers recommendation. Excess Live loads need to be avoided and taken into consideration during design.